

JAFFNA HINDU COLLEGE

Risk Holiday Self - Education Worksheet - 2020 Grade - 08 | Science

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Give correct Answers

•	~ .		• .	•	•		•	
1	Some micro-	-organism	nictures are	given to voi	i as shown	111 OUI	· environment	t
1.	Some inicio	organism	pictures are	given to you	i as snown	III Oui		٠.

1	A B C D E Identify the organism A, B, C, D, E	
1.	A	
	B	
	C	
	D	
	E	
2.	Which one of the organism that only observes under the electron microscope?	
3.	Mention autotrophic organisms.	
4.	Give two industrial products that used by micro-organism yeast.	
5.	Organism B that show living and non-living characters give one reason for living character.	ıg
6.	Which micro-organism that caused to typhoid?	
7.	How to call changes of microbial activities rich in lipid foods?	
8.	Give two benefits of human by micro-organisms.	

Unit - 2

Animal Classification

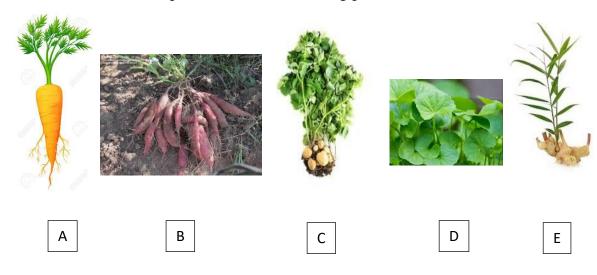
1. Classification is important to identify the organism. Write the answer use to following organisms.

	A B		C	
			Hydra	
	D E		F	
1.	Vertebrates:		es.	
2.	Invertebrates:			
3.	Which one of the above animal has jointed appendages?			
4.	Mention the respiratory organs of organism E.			
5.	Which organism has wet skin		•••••	
6.	Which is the shape of body in of organism?	organism D? Mention the bea	nefit it's have above shape	
7.	Give three common features of	of organism A.		
8.	Which organism has radial sy	mmetry?		
9.	Which are same group of orga	anisms?	•••••	
10.	Mention two benefits to class	ify the organisms.	•••••	

II. Fill in the following chart that indicates classify the animals our environment.1.
animals
vertebrates
amphi bian reptiles cnidaria mollusc a
Tilapia Spider
2. The following animals that shown science activity in the laboratory
A B C D E
Write the suitable English letter that correct features of animals.
 Exoskeleton :
3. Give three differences between birds and mammals.

Unit - 3

I. Answer the questions use to following pictures.



1.	Which is/ are underground stems?
2.	Write three important of underground stems.
3.	Which is/are store food in tap root?
4.	Which is reproducing runners?
II.	1. What is transpiration?
2	In which area of environment plants that adapted to reduce transpiration?

No.	Plants	Adaptations to reduce transpiration
1.	Cactus	
2.	Temple flower	
3.	Pirattai / Navahandi	
4.	Pumpkin	
5.	Aloe	

3. Fill in the following table.

4. Fill in the following table.

No.	Leaf arrangement	Example
1		Guava
2	Whirl arrangement	
4		Kanda /Vattakkanni
5	Alternative arrangement	

Unit - 4

- I. Following chemicals are used in laboratory activities.Sulphur, Carbon dust, Copper sulphate, Condis, Iron filing.
- 1. Identify the colour of above chemicals.

Chemicals	Colour
Sulphur	
carbon dust	
copper sulphate	
Condis solution	

2.	What is element?

3. Classify above chemicals as elements and compounds

Element	Compound

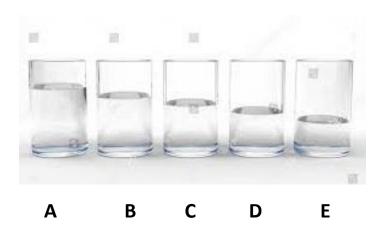
4.	Mention the elements that are found in copper sulphate.
5.	Give the chemical name of common salt.

6.	Which chemical compound that is formed heat within iron dust and sulphur?. Give the colour of the compound?
7.	Give two observations when heating the sulphur.
8.	How to separate sulphur and iron filing are mixed?
9.	Which chemical that used to identify the water in laboratory?
10.	. Fill in the table.
	Matter
	pure substance
Me II.	The following figure that show measure the density of pure water.
1.	What is density?
2.	What is the international unit of measuring density?
3.	Name the instruments X and Y that used to above activity.
	X
	Y
4.	Which quantity that measure the instrument Y?

5.	Which a	activity that should be f	irst before fill with wate	er X? Mention the reason.		
6.	Which i	s high density liquid?	•••••	•••••		
7.	Give one use of measure the density of substance.					
8.	What is your observation when cork put in to the water? Mention the reason for your answer.					
	•••••					
				•••••		
III.		Collowing experiment to constant value.	find out whether the m	elting point of pure substances		
	1. I	dentify the apparatus A	Heat ,B,C,D			
2. What is your observation when heated?						
	3. V	What is melting point of	f ice?			
	4. V	What is the use of stirre	r?			
	5. H	-	onvert to gas at particul	ar temperature?		
	6. F	Fill in the following tab	le.			
	No.	Physical qualities	Instances	substance		
	1.	Hard		Diamond		
	2.	Expand	Measure the			
			temperature			
	3.	Soft				

Elasticity

5.		Cooking vessel	
		Unit -5	
Some of occur art		environment occur natura	lly while some other
How to p	produce sound?		
Write fiv	e examples sound that pro	oduce by natural and artific	cial things.
Nat	ural sounds	Artificial sounds	
hat is f	frequency? mention the un	nit of frequency?	
		vibrates 100 within 2 seco	
		widiates 100 within 2 sect	
	ne is high frequency (P&		
•	P	Q	
-	Violin, Flute, Veena, That	according to the vibrating ola, Udukku)	
Sound pr	oducing set up arranged b	ov a student that is given to	O VOIL



1.	In which part vibrates that produce the sound above set up?
2.	Which glass is produce high frequency sound when is kept in order A to E.
3.	In high frequency of sound produce veena by vibrating (Long length/ short length) of string.
4.	Membrane of drum (thick/ thin) vibrating low frequency of sound produce.
5.	Write the different between music and noise.
6.	What is sound therapy?
7.	Give two benefits of sound therapy.
8.	Mention the frequency range of human hearing.
9.	How about vibration of musical instrument when producing music?